

The dependence of human performance on Connectedness

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The dependence of human performance on Connectedness

61% classify as lonely

Only 37% hardly ever or never felt lonely

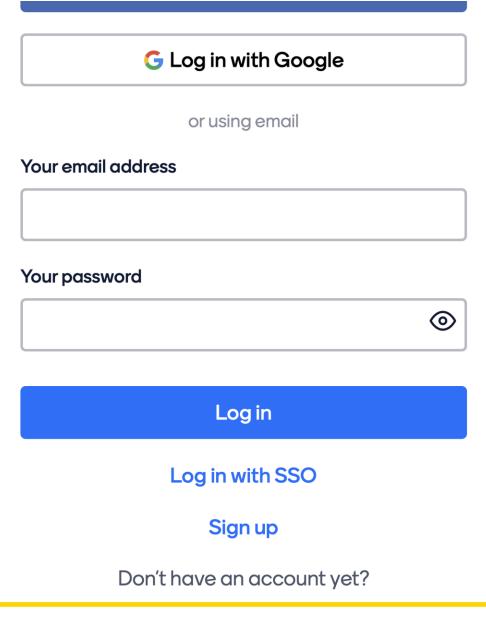


Activity
Two words to
define yourself



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Connectedness



The literature on Connectedness says

What is Connectedness?

□ The **degree** to which individuals or groups are **socially connected**, **interconnected**, or **share resources** means connectedness (Karcher & Sass, 2010).

When, Where, Why, How? of Connectedness

- □ School connectivity occurs when students believe that professionals and classmates at school are interested in their learning and in them as individuals.
- Connectedness involves feeling cared for, supported, and included at school.
- Schools can help kids feel connected by playing an **essential role** in encouraging their **health** and **development** (American Psychological Association, 2014).



Apply Connectedness literature to performance improvement

Think about

- degree to which you are socially connected, interconnected, or share resources with individuals or groups
 - What guides your decisions?
 - Who is involved? When? How?
 - Why them?



Misconceptions about Connectedness



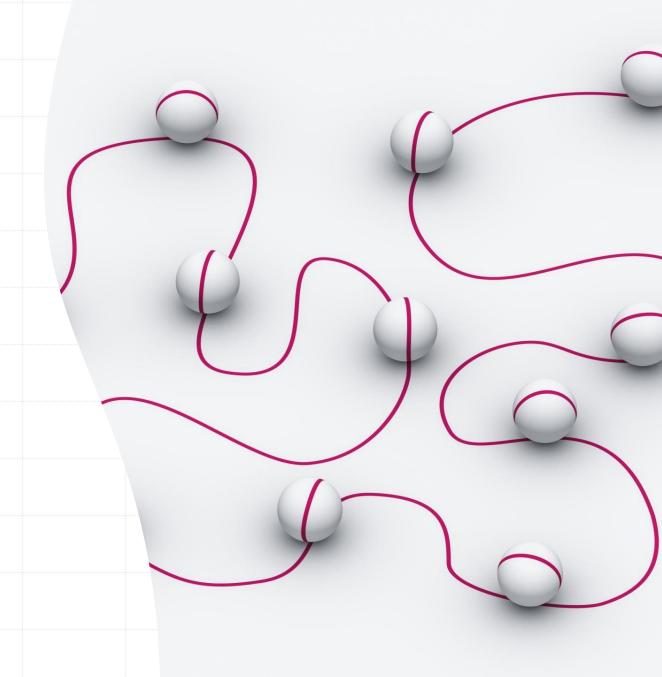
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- MC -You are born a particular way
 - Truth Early interactions with parents do not critically determine how people relate to others when grown.
- MC One person shapes the conversation
 - Truth Human connection is not one-sided.
- MC Digital environments foster connections
 - Truth Human connection is **not digital** (i.e., Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, and TikTok).

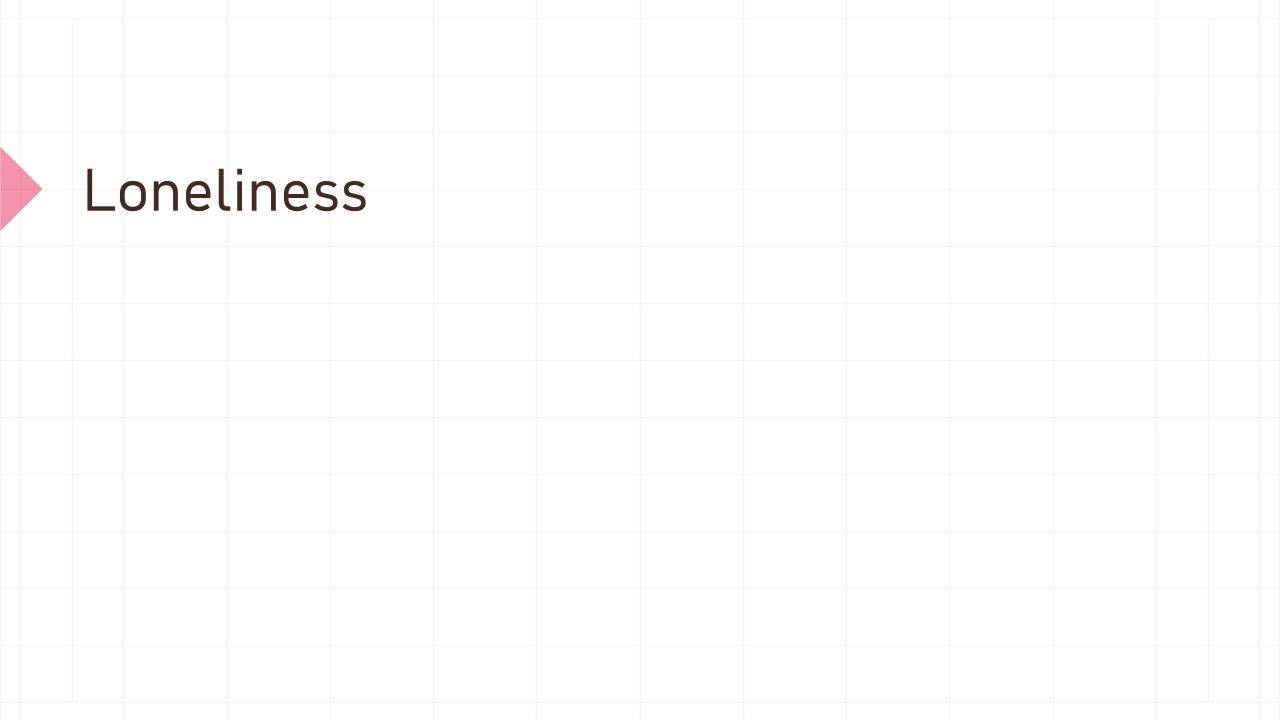
Source: (Delony, 2022)

Connectedness quiz

- Which option is the meaning of Connectedness?
 - Mutual relationship
 - A part of a sorority or fraternity
 - Feeling socially, emotionally, spiritually, or professionally linked with others or with another.



Menti.com connectedness quiz



The literature on Loneliness says

Despite our fundamental desire to connect, many of us frequently feel isolated.

What is Loneliness?

 Loneliness is defined as a feeling of distress or discomfort caused by a perceived gap between one's wants for social connection and real experiences with it.

When, Where, Why, How? of Loneliness

- Adolescence is a developmental stage in which peer relationships are strongly linked to loneliness.
- School is an essential arena for many adolescents' peer connections because it is where most young people meet others, make friendships, and become members of groups (Goossens, 2020).
- Adolescence has long been considered a time when loneliness is especially frequent.
- Classical theories explain feelings of loneliness as arising from a **reorganization of the attachment system** (i.e., an increased focus on peers and a decreased focus on the family) and active exploration of problems with **identity** or the accumulation of developmental changes beginning in early teenage years (Goossens, 2020).



Loneliness in Work-Life Balance

- Work-Life Balance
 - Good WLB 55% lonely
 - Not good WLB 78% lonely
 - If job spills into personal life 73% lonely
 - If job not spill over 54% lonely

Loneliness and Connections

Group membership

- Not feel in group 81% lonely
- Feel in group 54% lonely

Technology

- Overuse or under use of tech tools to connect to others report greater loneliness levels than acceptable use of tech tools
- 3 out of 5 (61%) feel connected to others through use of tech

Who are lonely?

• Gen Z – **81**% lonely

40% feel alienated at work

69% have good relationships

Millennials – 69% lonely

37% feel alienated at work

Boomers – 49% lonely

18% feel alienated at work

84% have good relationships

- Gen Z are more likely to have a best friend at work
- More likely to socialize
- Gig economy workers **84**% lonely v. Non-profit 57% lonely v. Private company 61%
 - 2 out of 3 Gig economy workers feel lack of companionship
- New employees **77**% v. Top management 72% v. Bottom level employees 70%

Remote v. In-person

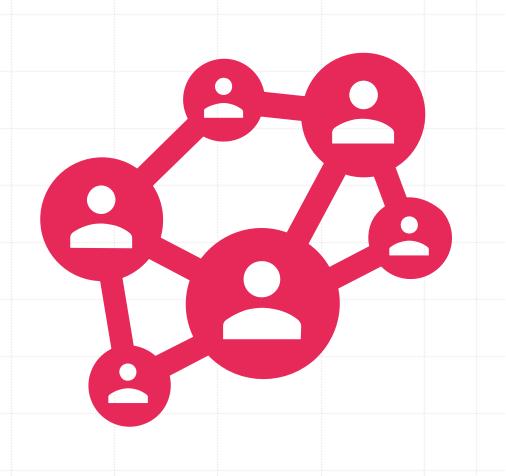
- Remote workers 65% lonely
- In-person 58% lonely
- Lack of meaningful relationships
- Too much and too little travel for work
 right amount of travel





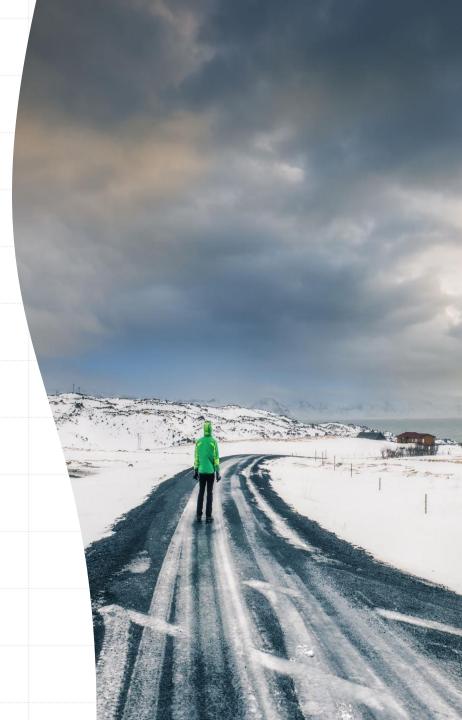
Apply Loneliness literature

- What do we do?
 - Loneliness is part of the whole-person approach to well-being
 - Cultivate connections
 - Workplace culture
 - Facilitate meaningful co-worker relationships
 - Work-Life Balance
 - Email blackout periods
 - Establish Awareness Activation Adoption



Misconceptions about Loneliness

- MC Feeling lonely indicates that you're doing something wrong.
 - Truth We are lonely when we are missing the social connections we need at this point in time
- MC People who are lonely do not have friends.
 - Truth Loneliness is the gap between desired social connections and perceived social connections
- MC Loneliness equals aloneness.
 - Truth It is quality not quantity that defines loneliness.



Loneliness quiz

Describe the word Loneliness in one word



Menti.com loneliness quiz

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Bullying and Cyberbullying

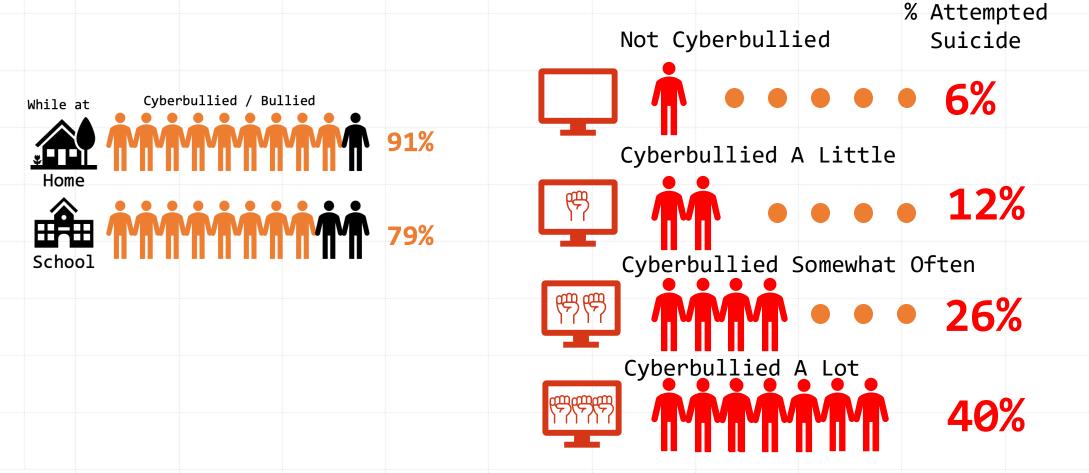
The literature on Bullying and Cyberbullying says

Bullying is on the rise in schools today, not just in the United States but around the world. Bullying is **a kind of violence** for adolescents, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and bullying is undesired aggressive behavior by one youth toward another that is not related to or dating partners (David-Ferdon et al., 2018; Gourneau, 2012).

In the United States, **one out of every five** high school kids is bullied on school grounds. However, middle schools had the highest rate of reporting on bullying at 28%, followed by high schools at 16% ("Fast fact: Preventing bullying," 2022). Bullying was reported by 9% of students in combined and elementary schools ("Fast fact: Preventing bullying," 2022).



Recent study on Cyberbullying



Logistic regression – Suicide ideation

Independent variables: Sad most days, Not worth it, No good, Failure, Cyberbullied, Bullied, Stopped activities, Seriously considered, Plan suicide, Grade, Gender

Dependent variable: Attempted suicide

Classification Table	e Attempted S	Suicidea	
Observed	Predicted		% Correct
	Not Attempt	Attempted	
Not Attempt	158573	5925	96.4
Attempted	8591	11376	57
Overall Percentage			92.1
^a The cut value is .500			

Attempted Suicide								
Variables in the Equation	В	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)	95% C.I.for	EXP(B)
							Lower	Upper
Sad most days	0.18	0.02	118.60	1	<.001	1.20	1.16	1.24
Not worth it	0.30	0.02	261.47	1	<.001	1.35	1.30	1.40
No good	-0.02	0.02	1.18	1	0.277	0.98	0.94	1.02
Failure	0.12	0.02	48.43	1	<.001	1.13	1.09	1.16
Cyberbullied	0.19	0.01	217.80	1	<.001	1.21	1.18	1.24
Bullied	0.27	0.02	216.23	1	<.001	1.31	1.27	1.36
Stoppedactivities	0.35	0.03	168.94	1	<.001	1.42	1.34	1.49
Seriously considered	1.89	0.03	4953.44	1	0	6.60	6.26	6.96
Plan suicide	1.33	0.02	3369.15	1	0	3.80	3.63	3.97
Grade	0.04	0.01	12.74	1	<.001	1.04	1.02	1.06
Gender	-0.01	0.02	0.42	1	0.517	0.99	0.96	1.02
Constant	-4.79	0.03	26694.70	1	0	0.01		

Logistic regression – Self harm

Independent variables: Sad most days, Not worth it, No good, Failure, Cyberbullied, Bullied, Stopped activities, Seriously considered, Plan suicide, Grade, Gender.

Dependent variable: Self harm (No, Yes)

Classification Table Self Harm ^a						
Observed	Predicted		% Correct			
		Cutting or				
	Not self-harm	other SH				
Not self-harm	134695	6623	95.3			
Cutting or other SH	13066	17903	57.8			
Overall Percentage			88.6			
^a The cut value is .500						

Self-Harm								
Variables in the Equation	В	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)	95% C.I.for	EXP(B)
							Lower	Upper
Sad most days	0.33	0.01	603.62	1	<.001	1.39	1.35	1.42
Not worth it	0.35	0.01	597.27	1	<.001	1.41	1.38	1.45
No good	0.28	0.02	315.77	1	<.001	1.32	1.28	1.36
Failure	0.15	0.01	115.91	1	<.001	1.16	1.13	1.19
Cyberbullied	0.21	0.01	348.69	1	<.001	1.24	1.21	1.26
Bullied	0.30	0.02	338.39	1	<.001	1.35	1.31	1.40
Stoppedactivities	0.57	0.02	764.77	1	<.001	1.76	1.69	1.84
Seriously considered	1.02	0.02	2152.90	1	0	2.77	2.66	2.90
Plan suicide	0.70	0.02	990.51	1	<.001	2.02	1.94	2.11
Grade	-0.20	0.01	563.49	1	<.001	0.82	0.81	0.83
Gender	-0.57	0.02	1349.14	1	<.001	0.57	0.55	0.59
Constant	-3.89	0.02	29243.95	1	0	0.02		

Apply Bullying and Cyberbullying literature

- How do you stop bullying you can't see as in what occurs during cyberbullying?
- What technical solutions are available to monitor cyberbullying that would not be perceived as invasive?
- How change perception of hazing or bullying as a rite of passage?



Misconceptions about Bullying and Cyberbullying

Cyberbullying is a great thing that can make young people stronger.

Cyberbullies are inherently evil individuals.

Cyberbullying impacts all youth in the same way.

Bullying is a rite of passage. Kids need to handle being bullied because there will always be bullies to deal with.

Teachers and others should be able to see bullying easily.

Kids who are bullied often ask for it.

Bullying and Cyberbullying quiz

Describe one word for bully

- What gender is cyberbullied the most?
 - Male
 - Female
 - Transgender
 - Other

Menti.com bullying slide

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Relationships

Bullying

Cyberbullying

Mental health

Wellness

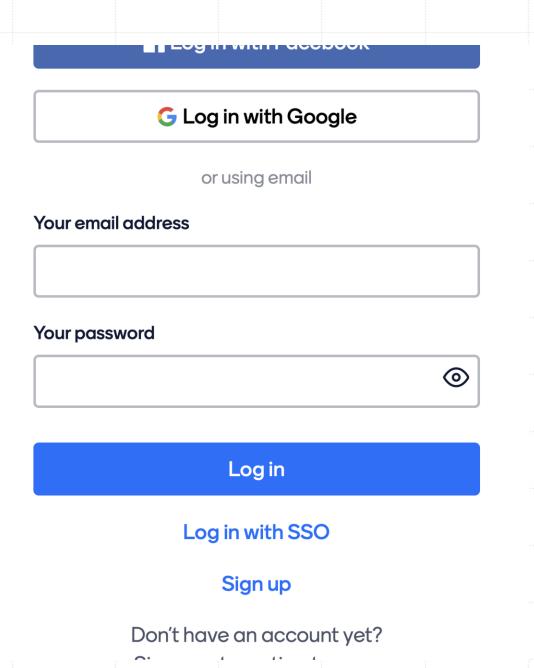
Loneliness

Connectedness



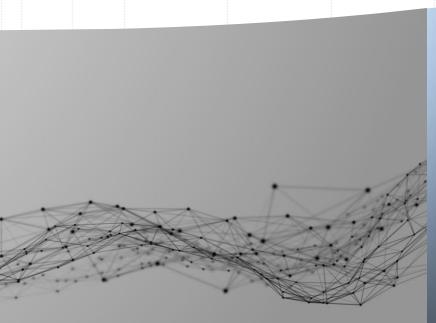
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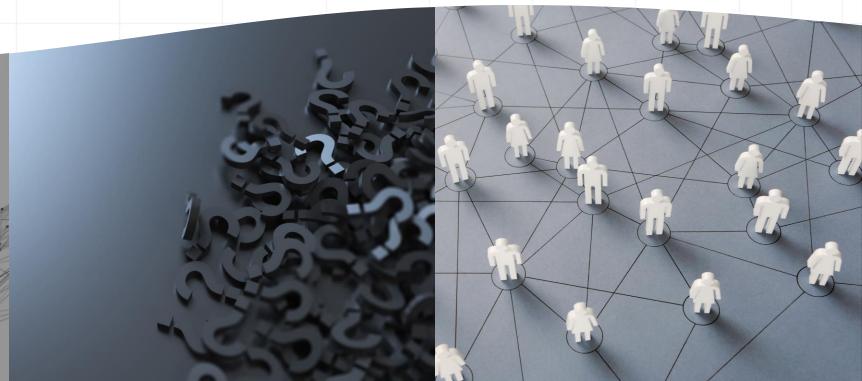
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Discussion

Your thoughts on the actions to take to improve Connectedness





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